

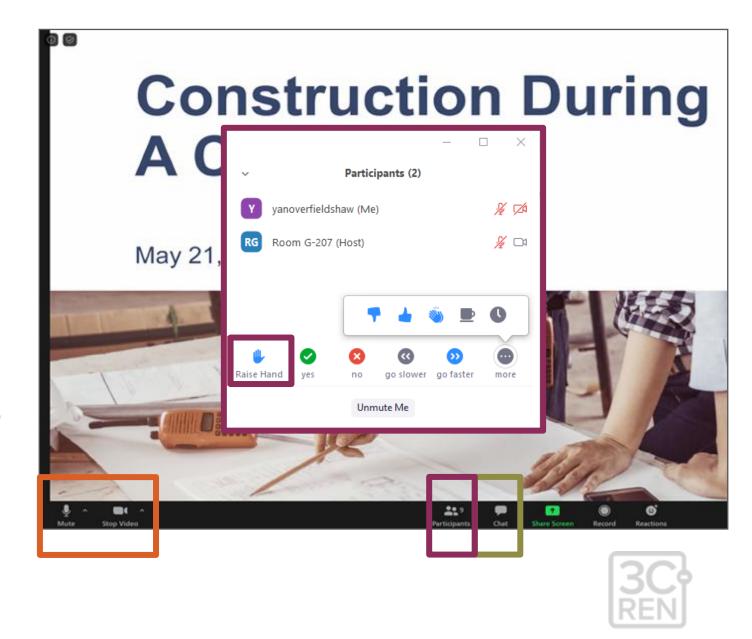
Optimizing Heat Pump Zoning for Maximum Comfort and Efficiency

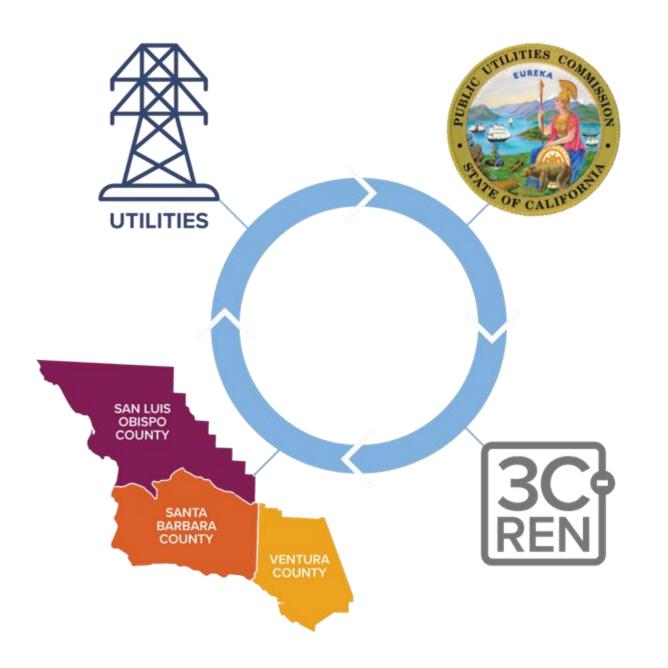
Larry Waters – Electrify My Home June 17, 2025



Zoom Orientation

- Add an introduction in the chat.
 Be sure full name is displayed.
- Did you call in? Please share first and last name with us.
- Please mute upon joining
- Use the "Chat" to share questions or comments
- Under "Participant" select "Raise Hand" to share a question or comment verbally
- Session may be recorded and posted to 3C-REN's on-demand page
- Slides/recording are shared after most events





Tri-County Regional Energy Network

3C-REN is a collaboration between the tri-counties

Our programs reduce energy use for a more sustainable, equitable and economically vibrant Central Coast

Our free services are funded via the CPUC, bringing ratepayer dollars back to the region

Our Services

Incentives



HOME ENERGY SAVINGS

3c-ren.org/for-residents 3c-ren.org/multifamily



3c-ren.org/commercial

Contractors can enroll at **3c-ren.org/contractors**

Training



BUILDING PERFORMANCE TRAINING

3c-ren.org/events
3c-ren.org/building



3c-ren.org/code

View past trainings at **3c-ren.org/on-demand**

Technical Assistance



AGRICULTURE ENERGY SOLUTIONS

3c-ren.org/agriculture



ENERGY ASSURANCE SERVICES

3c-ren.org/assurance



3C-REN Achievements









4,000+ 1,374

Individuals Attended Training

Energy-Saving Projects Completed 334

Title 24/CalGreen **Questions Answered** \$155M

Secured for investment in the tri-county region through 2028

Data from 2019-2023 for three programs



Who's This Dude?











† 1982 (UTI), with these tools †

Certs along the way



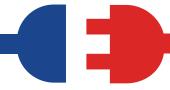
2015 – only heat pumps



2020, foundedElectrify My Home



Larry Waters
President, Electrify My Home



Agenda

- Introductions
- Introduction Why Zoning?
- Ducted Zoning Tips
- Ductless Multizone Overview & Case Study
- Multizone Ducted Case Study
- Fully Communicating Ducted HP Case Study

Electrify My Home's 3C-REN Webinars

- **3/11/25:** Nail the Sale: Getting Past Heat Pump Objections
- **4/8/25:** Panel Detectives Electrical Panel Assessments for Heat Pump Installers
- **5/6/25:** Electrification Products for the Central Coast Climate
- **6/17/25: Optimizing Heat Pump Zoning for Maximum Comfort and Efficiency**
- **♥ 7/31/25: More Than One Brand In The Hand: Application Specific HPWH Design**
- 8/28/25: Retaining Profit Minimizing Call Backs on Heat Pump Projects



Electrify My Home – Electrification Pioneers

Our Mission:

To provide the **most efficient** costeffective electrification solutions to California homeowners, to practice **good stewardship** of the electrical panel, and to **train and influence** other contractors to do the same.



Introduction Why Zoning?



Why People Like The Idea of Zoning

- Perceived improved comfort
- Perceived energy efficiency
- Perceived energy savings
- Perceived solutions at reasonable price





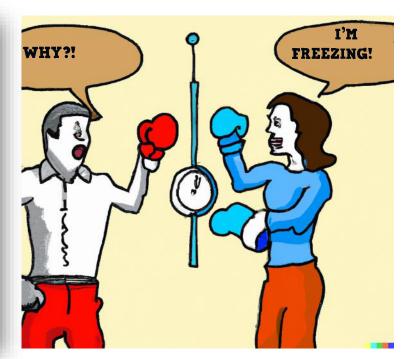
Common Reasons for Zoning

- Major climate differences in home
- Unique architecture

- Sections of home seldom used
- Domestic temperature battles







Types of Heat Pump Zoning

Multizone heat pumps



Multiple dedicated systems



Variable refrigerant heat pumps





 Traditional zoning with control board and automated dampers in ducts



"Smart" Vents?

- Customers are finding these online
- They pair to sensors & damper down vents to restrict airflow to rooms
- Poor strategy for performance
- Can cause noise
- Increase static pressure, adding stress to the unit
- Rob system of necessary flow to maintain proper operation



An Al-generated smart vent mockup

Ducted Zoning A few things to be mindful of!



A Must-Know For Ducted Zoning: Static Pressure (aka Duct Pressure)

- Resistance to airflow
- Comparable to blood pressure
- Affects delivered airflow, system performance, efficiency, noise, equipment strain
- Caused by: undersized ducts, dirty filters or coils, blocked registers, long or restrictive duct runs
- Must be kept in check for ducted zoning to work properly



Zoning Doesn't Fix Poor Ducts

- Particularly on single stage equipment, designing a duct system to work with zoning is challenging.
- Dry climate requires more airflow
 - Dampering = restricting airflow
 - Restricting airflow = high static



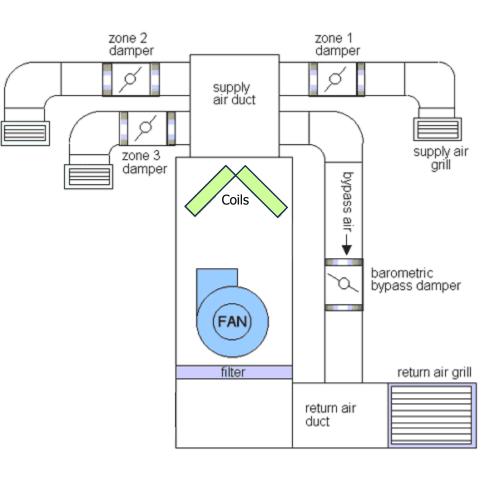
Examples of Poor Ductwork





High static pressure, lower delivered airflow/capacity

Compensating For High Static Return Bypass = Not the Right Solution





- The old way install a bypass from supply to return to relieve static and lower noise
- Result lower coil temp (cooling), short cycling (heating), lower velocity, lower delivered capacity
 & efficiency



Does Traditional Zoning Save Energy?

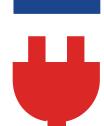
Study Author(s)	Energy Use Compared to Not Zoned		Notes
Heating Cooling			Hotes
Kenney & I			
	148% ↑		5°F set up/down in each zone part of the day with basement
	76%↓	71% ↓	5°F set up/down in each zone part of the day without basement
Oppenheim	(from Kenn	ey & Barb	our)
		135% ↑	No temperature set up
Oppenheim	/Carrier		
		121% ↑	No temperature set up
		84%↓	10°F temperature set up in every zone part of the day
Oppenheim	/ASHRAE		
	107% ↑		Central with no modulation and 8-hour 12°F setback, zoned with modulating furnace and two additional setback periods on bedroom zones
	88%↓		Central with no modulation and 8-hour 12°F setback, zoned with modulating furnace and 22 hours of setback on bedroom zones
Leslie & Ka	azmer		
	112% ↑		With basement conditioned
	99% ↔		No basement, zoning set back 12°F in the bedroom zone for 10 hours a day
Heflin & K	eller		
	118% ↑	113% ↑	41% bypass
Temple			
		106% ↑	No bypass, no setback

Figure 1. Energy Consumption Zoned vs. Central System

Sometimes, but not always

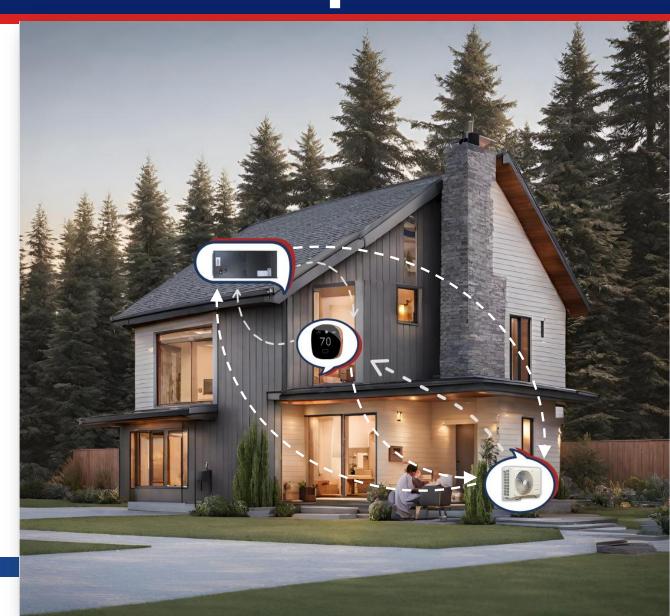
"In four of seven heating cases in heating and four of six cooling cases, the energy consumption increased with the zoning configuration."

Proctor Engineering, 2011



Traditional Zoning Challenges With Heat Pumps

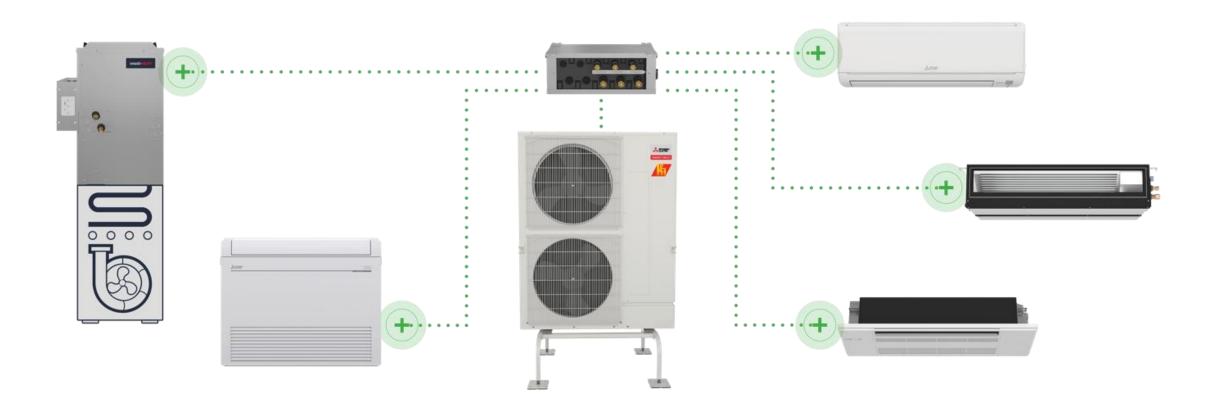
- Single/Dual stage HPs similar challenges as ACs
- Pressure/refrigerant sensing inverters possibly less problematic depending on air handler's ability to adapt
- Communicating inverters 1,000s of points of communication; duct zoning not built into algorithms
- Use MFR specific components



Ductless Zoning

Must be done carefully

Ductless Solution – How Does It Work





Multi-Zone Systems: Ductless

Advantages

- Flexibility for multi-room solutions
- Houses with a separate climate zones
- Branch boxes reduce line set lengths
- Less outdoor space needed

Disadvantages

- More refrigerant
- More chance for leaks
- Capacity penalty
- Less efficient
- No redundancy
- More difficult to repair
- More complicated installation







Case Study - Ductless Multizone Example

- † 1200 sqft house
- 3 bedrooms
- ₱ 4 zone multizone setup...3 ton system (vs 1.5 ton ducted)
 - 2x 6kbtu wall-mounts (bedrooms)
 - † 1x 9kbtu wall-mount (main bedroom)
 - ↑ 1x 15kbtu wall-mount (living room/kitchen)
- ▼ Modulation: min 11,700 Btu/h (vs 5,400 on 1.5 ton ducted)
 - What does this mean for smallest zone running at one time?
- 16 refrigerant connections, 4 condensate connections, possible condensate pumps & drywall work



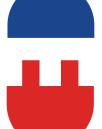


Quilt – A Step In The Right Direction For Multizone

- 25 SEER2 | 14.5 EER2 | 12 HSPF2
- 20,500 BTU/h Max Heat,2500 BTU/h Min Heat
- 19,700 BTU/h Max Cool,2,000 BTU/h Min Cool

Contact Us For an Intro!





Multizone Ducted Case Study

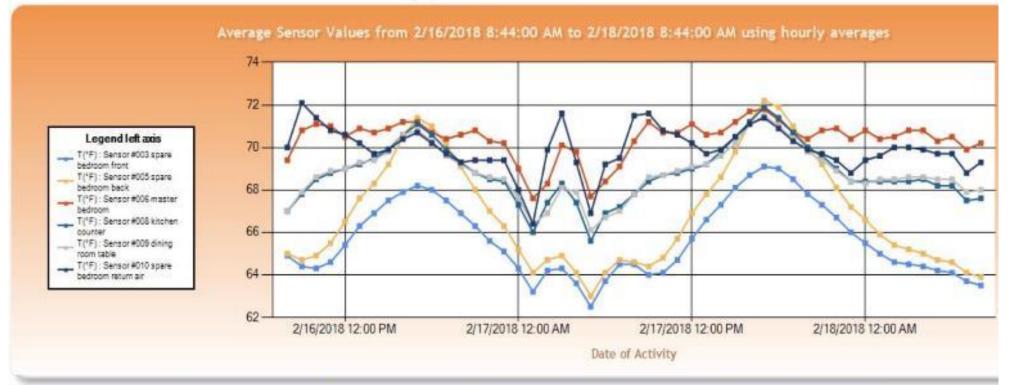
36 kBtu Multi-Zone Unit Serving 3 Ducted Air Handlers



- Customer was not satisfied
- Erratic temperatures
- Part of house was less efficient and required more runtime
- System can only modulate down so far
- When a lower output than the minimum BTUs refrigerant will be sent to other zones
- System waived all night



Monitoring Results (Pre)



		T(°F) : Sensor #005 spare bedroom back		T(°F) : Sensor #008 kitchen counter	T(°F): Sensor #009 dining room table	T(°F) : Sensor #010 spare bedroom return air	
min	62.50	63.00	67.60	65.60	66.10	66.40	
max	69.10	72,20	71.80	71.90	71,50	72.10	
diff	6.60	9.20	4.20	6.30	5.40	5.70	

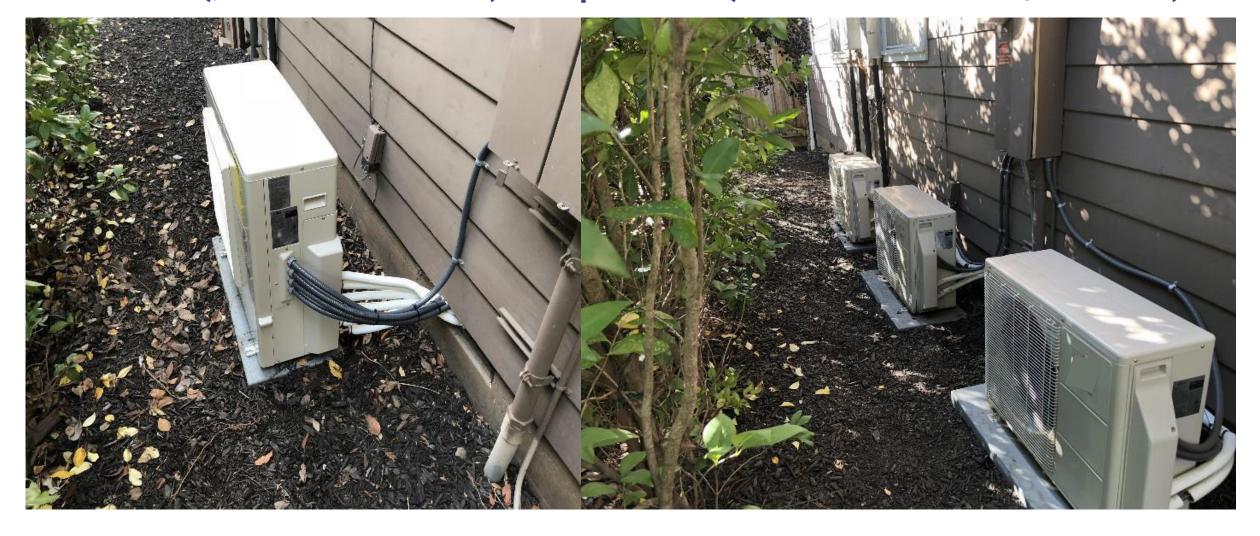
The Solution: Three Systems 1x 18k Unit + 2x 9k Units



- A hard and expensive lesson
- Downside modulation now 3100 kBtu/h instead of 11,000
- Each zone gets exactly what it needs
- True comfort finally achieved

Before (36K Multi-Zone)

After (1x 18k Unit + 2x 9k Units)





Monitoring Results (Post)



	T(°F): Sensor #001 Supply living grille	T(°F): Sensor #002 supply bedrooms back grille	spare	#004 main unit	T(°F): Sensor #005 spare bedroom back dresser	tstat in spare	T(°F): Sensor #007 Hanging in middle of spare bedroom front	#008 kitchen	T(°F): Sensor #009 Master bed tstat	T(°F): Sensor #010 spare bedroom return air
min	76.70	82.60	72.20	73.20	73.10	73.30	73.30	72.30	71.00	74.10
max	83.30	91.70	72.90	73.50	74.10	73.80	73.90	72.50	72.60	75.90
diff	6.60	9.10	0.70	0.30	1.00	0.50	0.60	0.20	1.60	1.80



From Our Experience: Biggest Zoning Takeaways

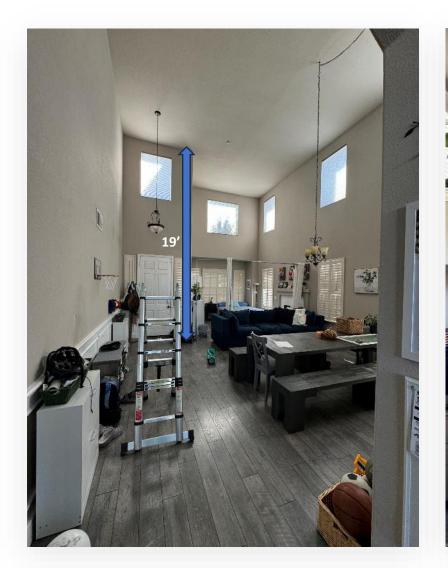
- For most common residential applications, it's best to zone with dedicated units (1 outdoor, 1 indoor)
- We like 1 ducted system for majority of house and dedicated wall-mount for challenging room(s)
- Multizone results are better with limited air handlers or situations where multiple will be run at the same time
- Avoid multiple ducted air handlers on one multizone when possible (fans run continuously)



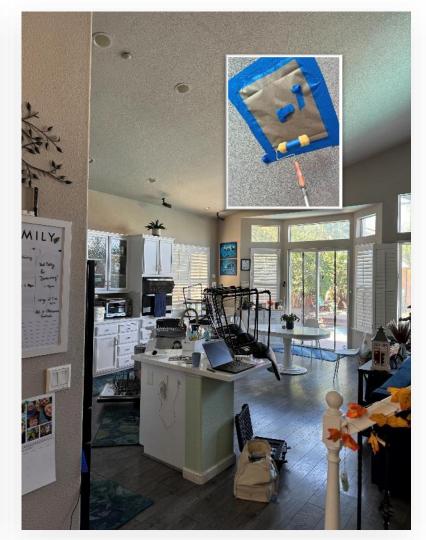
Fully Communicating **Ducted Heat** Pump Case Study



High Ceilings



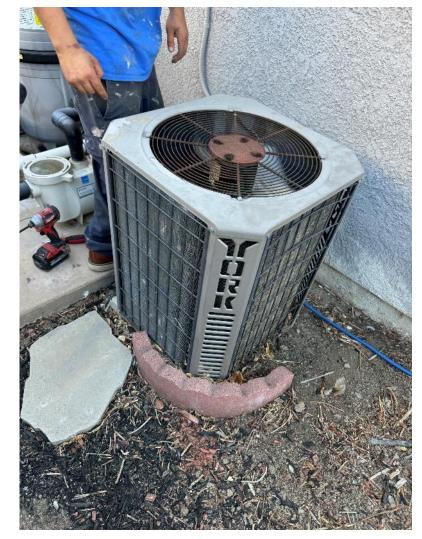




Existing Equipment



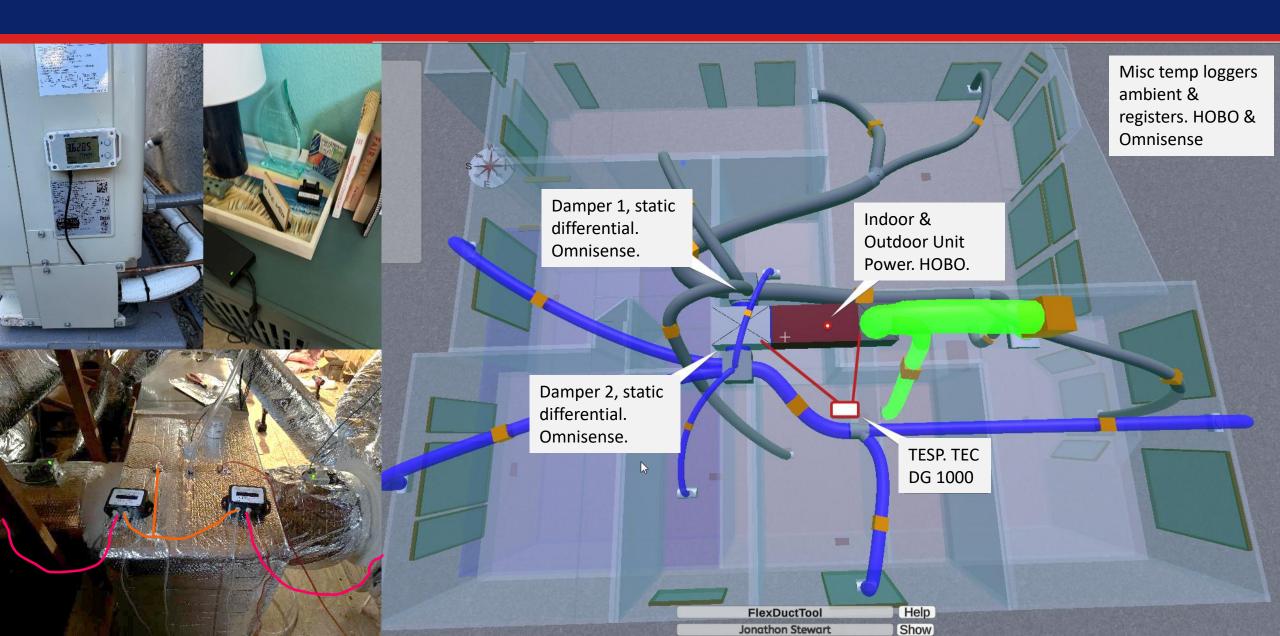




Our Scope



Monitoring Setup



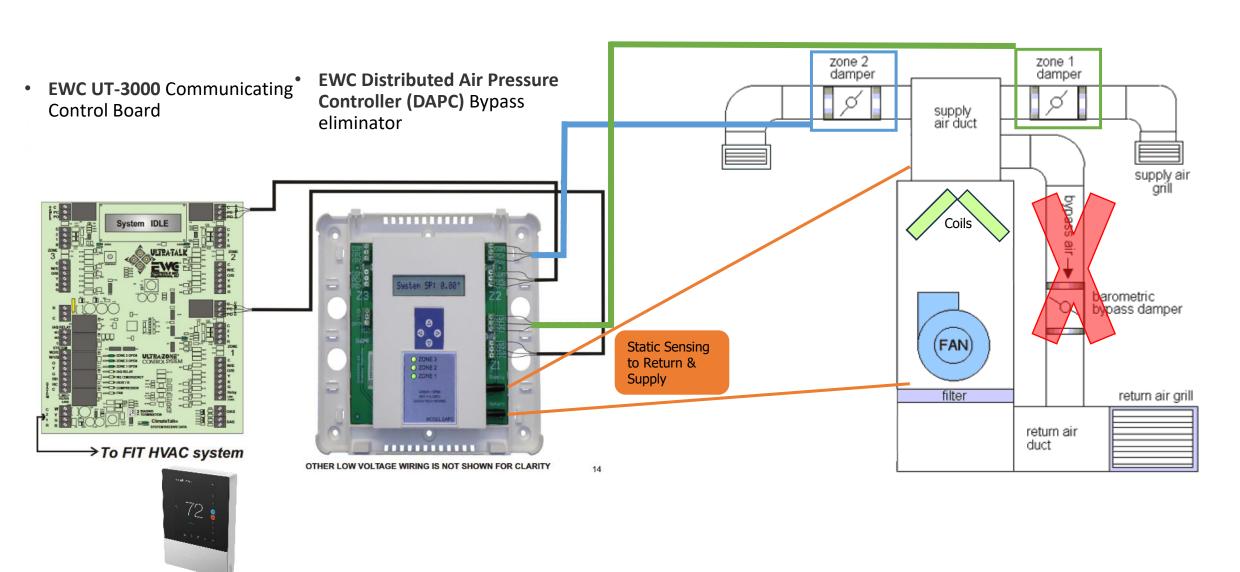


Monitoring Goals

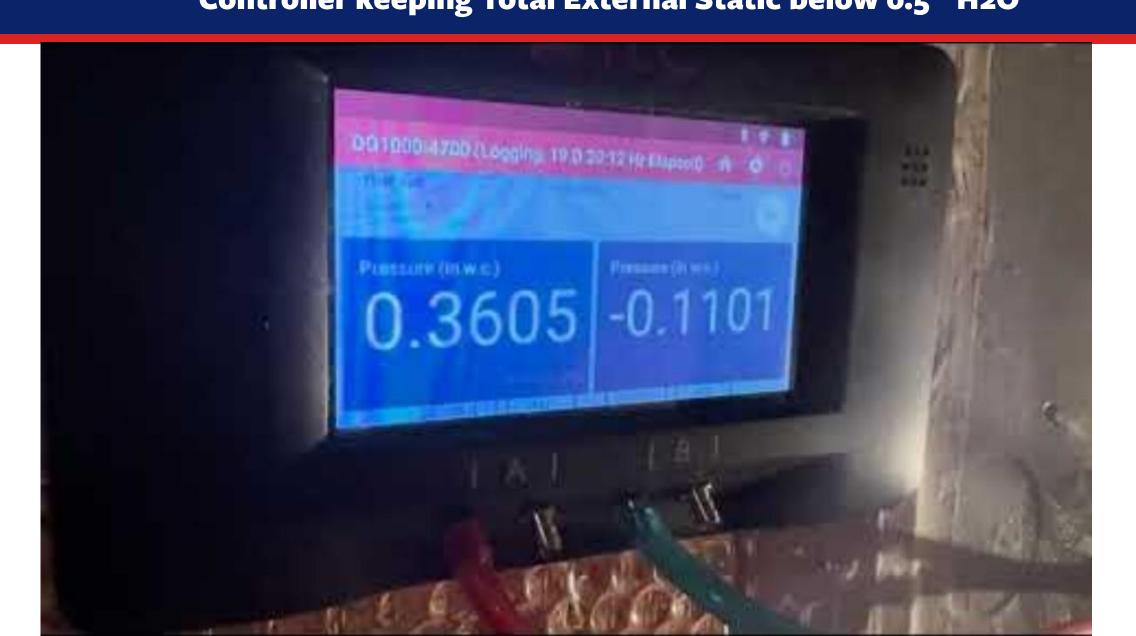
- Does equipment meet its claims?
 - 1. Is total static kept under user setpoint (0.5"H2O)?
 - 2. Does non-calling zone open when approaching static max?
 - 3. Is system modulating correctly with zoning?
 - 4. Are reasonable comfort levels achieved?

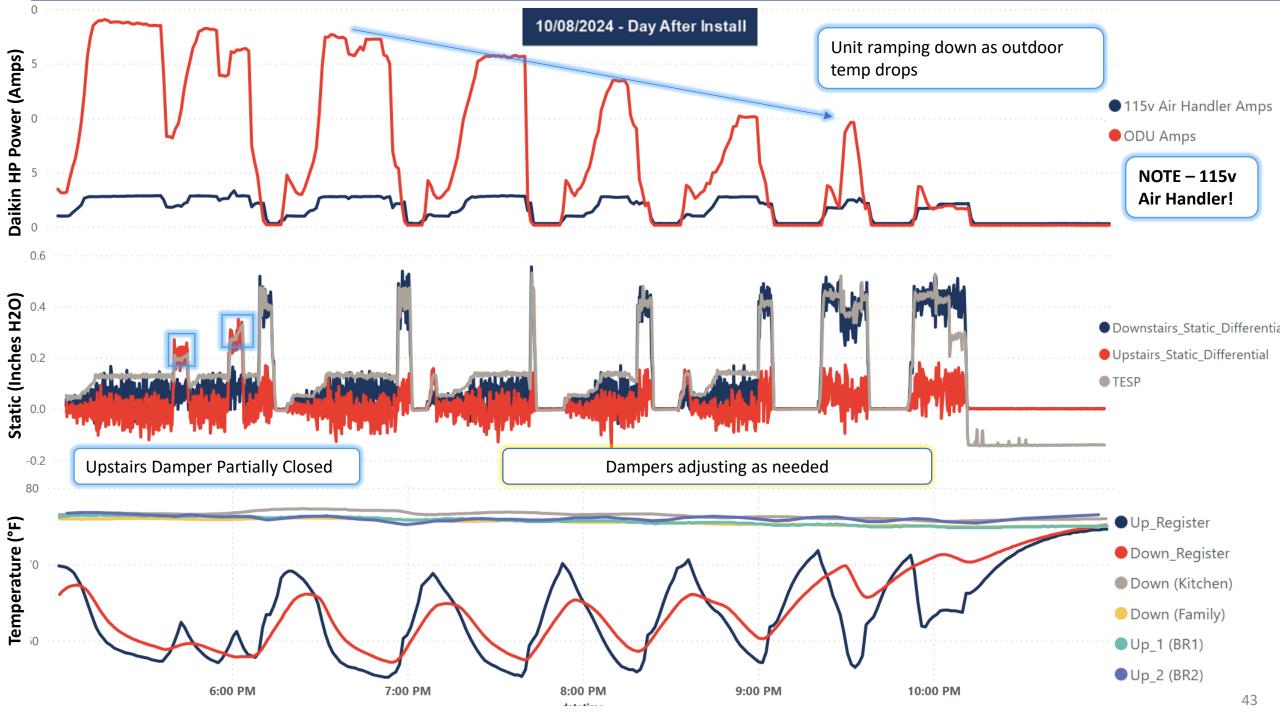
IMPORTANT NOTE – based on these goals, the case study results demonstrate a field assessment, not a recommendation of any products or validation of their outcomes.

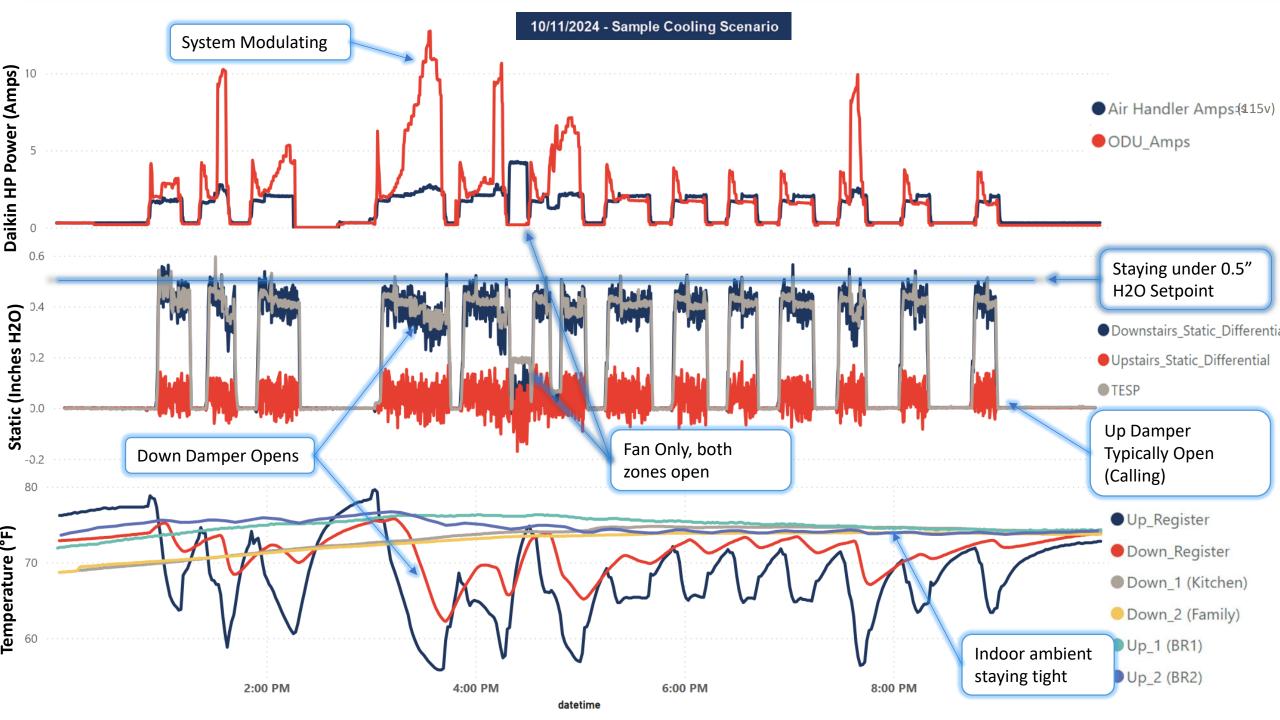
EWC: Daikin FIT Zone Control System

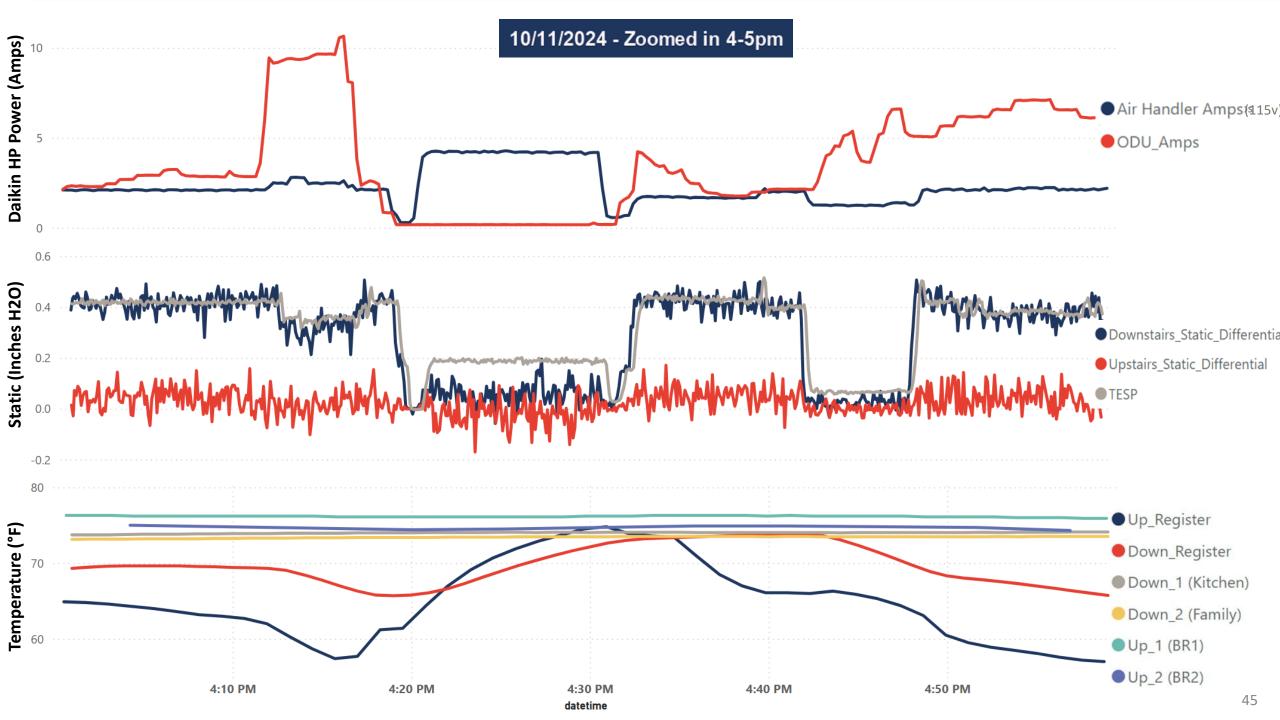


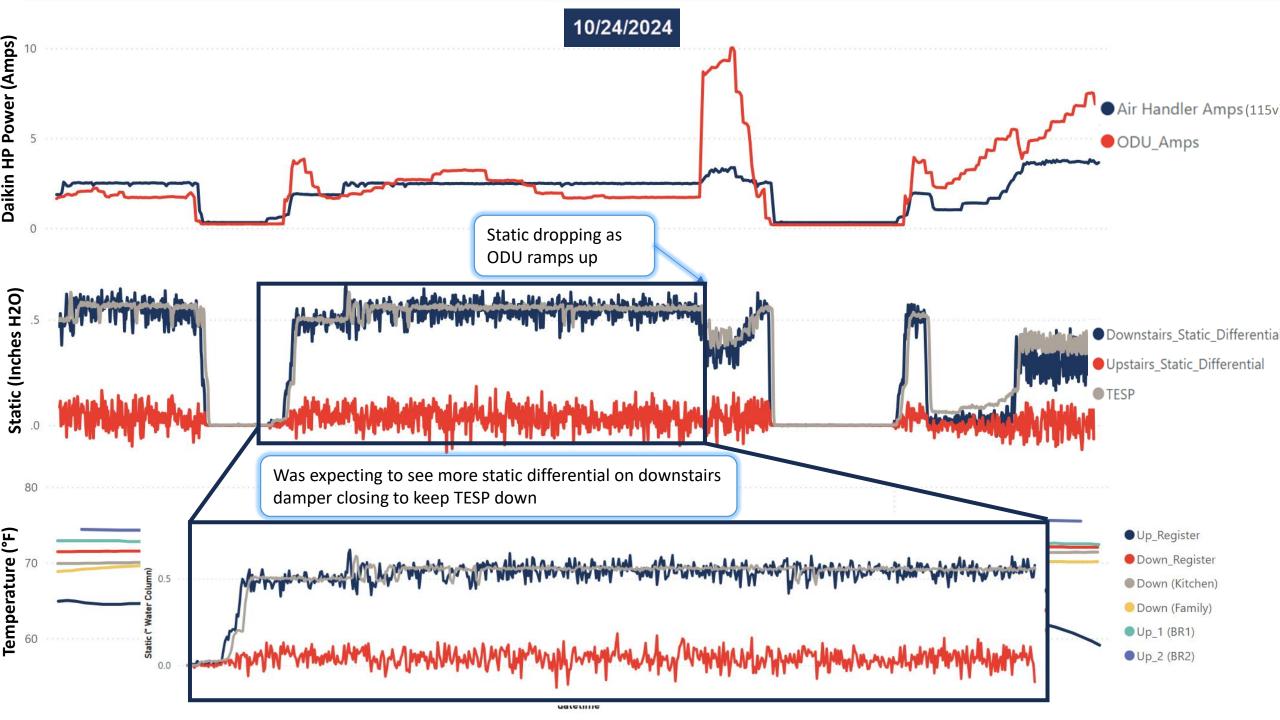
Zoning Equipment In Action Controller keeping Total External Static below 0.5" H2O

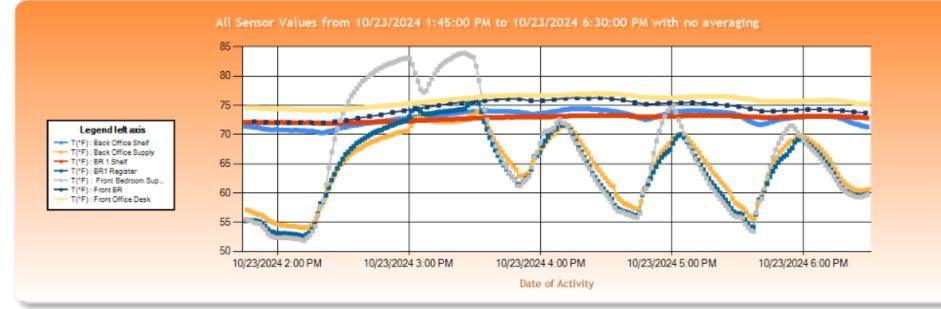




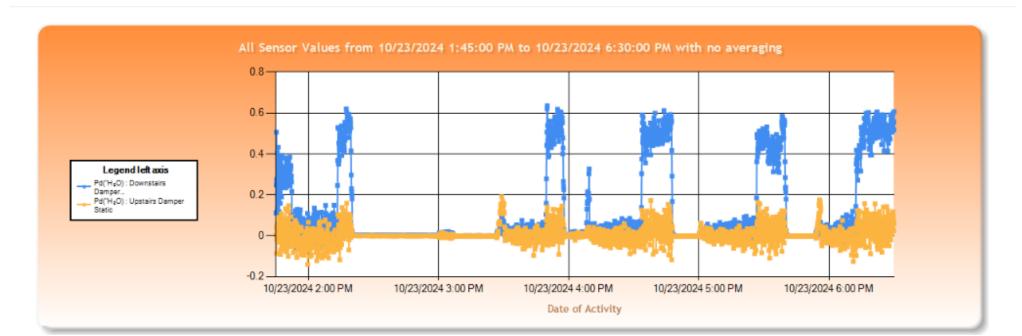


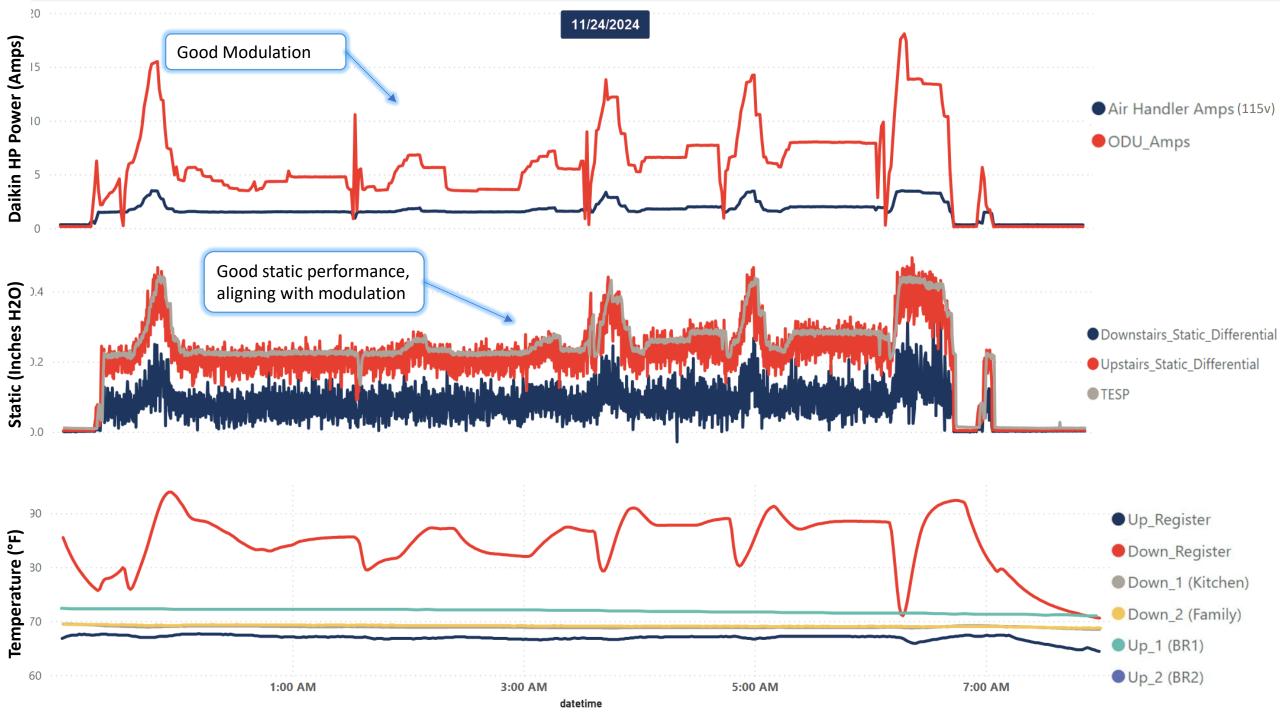


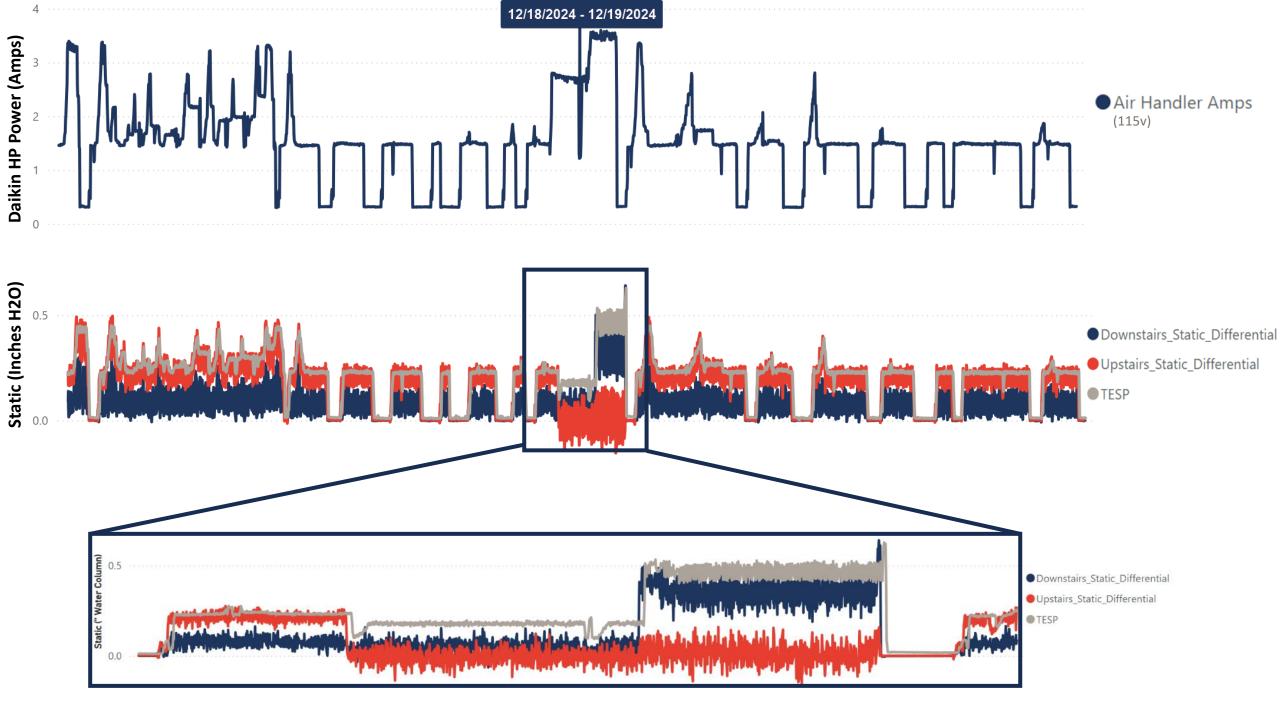


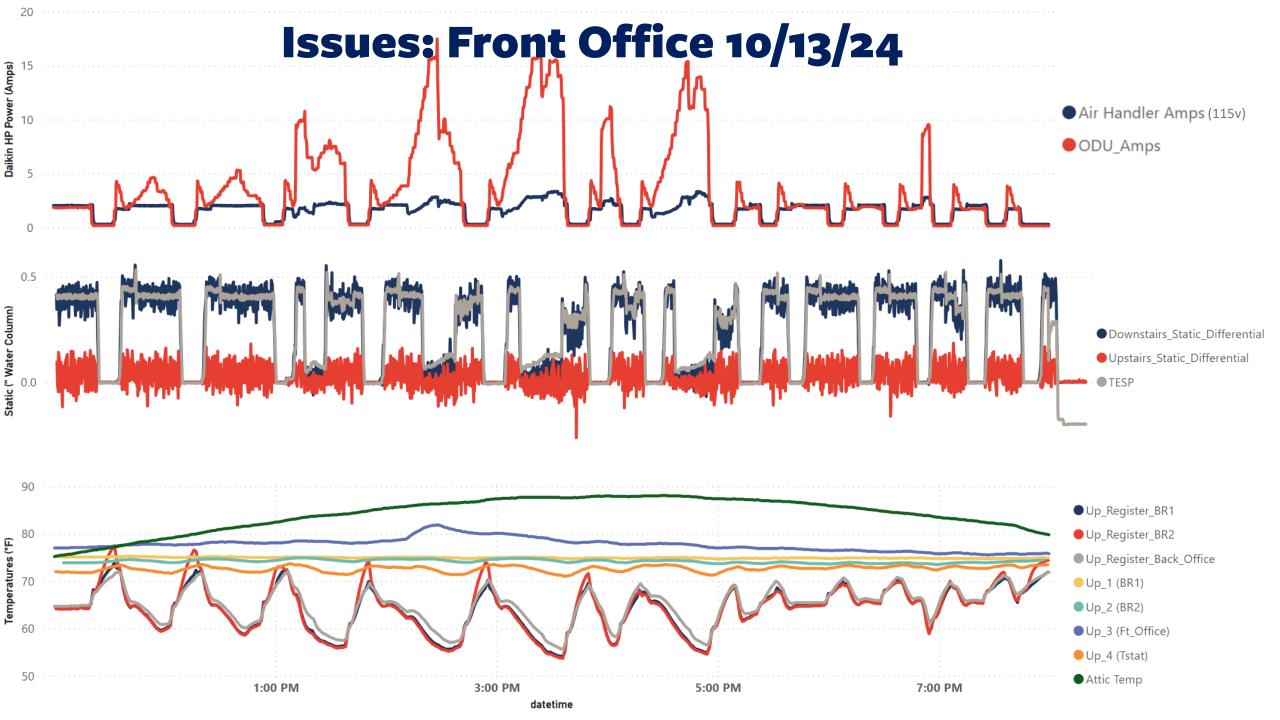


	T(°F): Back Office ShelfT(°F): Back Office SupplyT(°F): BR 1 ShelfT(°F): BR1 RegisterT(°F): Front Bedroom SupplyT(°F): Front BRT(°F): Front Office Desk							
min	70.30	54.00	71.90	52.60	51.80	72.00	74.20	
max	74.40	74.10	73.30	76.20	83.90	76.30	77.00	
diff	4.10	20.10	1.40	23.60	32.10	4.30	2.80	

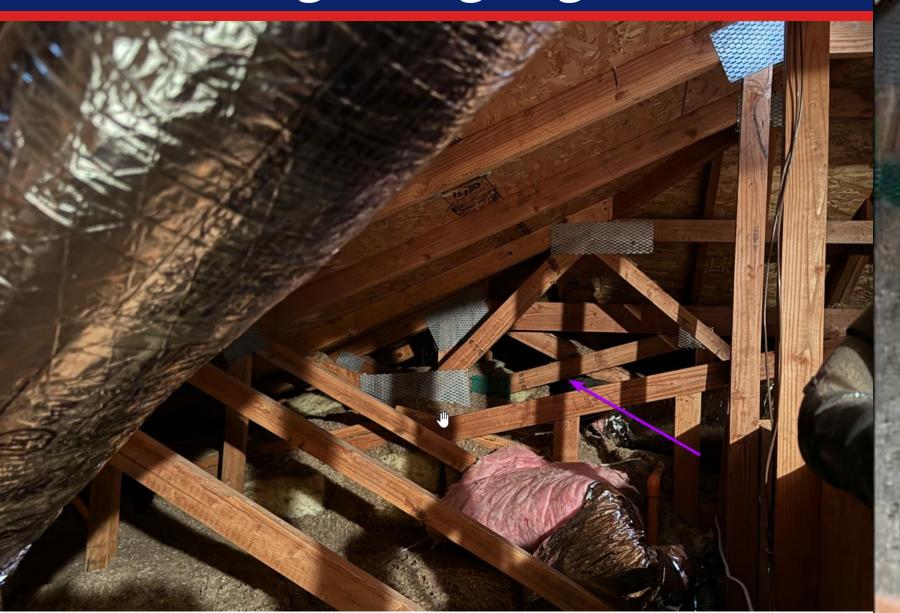




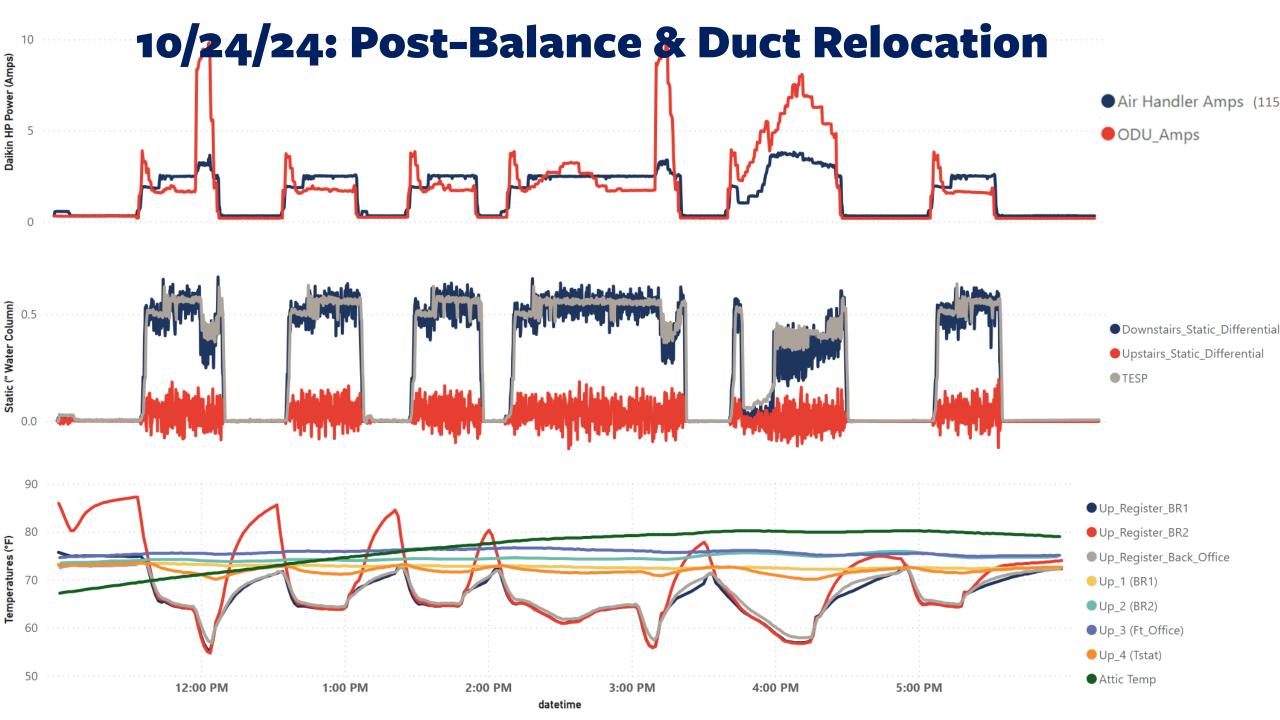


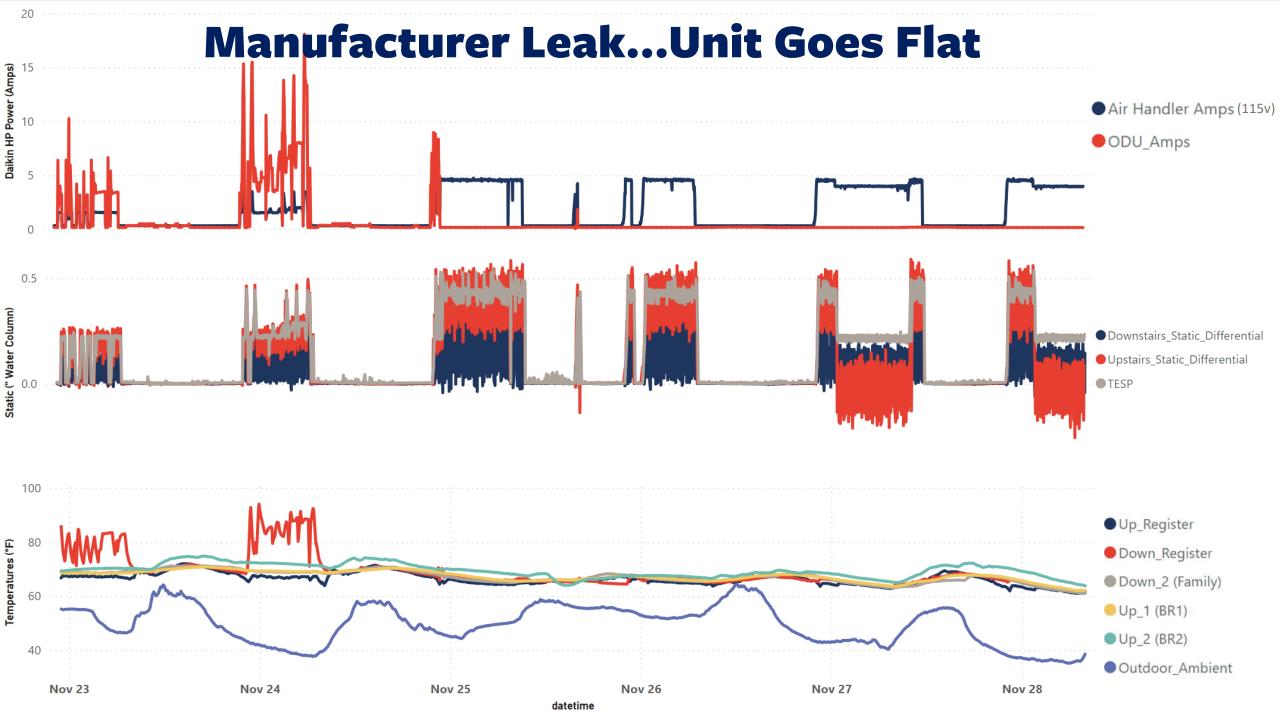


Front Office:
South facing, over garage, & THIS!











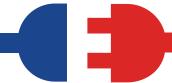
Questions? Stay in Touch!

Join us 7/31/25: More Than One Brand In The Hand: Application Specific HPWH Design





Larry Waters | 707-840-3411 | www.electrifymyhome.com | info@electrifymyhome.com



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Coming to Your Inbox Soon!

Slides, Recording, & Survey – Please Take It and Help Us Out!

Upcoming Electrify My Home Courses:

More Than One Brand In The Hand: Application Specific HPWH Design (7/31)

Retaining Profit – Minimizing Call Backs on Heat Pump Projects (8/28)

Other Opportunities

 Passive Design/Build Boot Camp with Emu Passive – Hands On Training and Exam (FREE!) – Monday, September 29th to Friday, October 3rd

https://www.3c-ren.org/calendar-of-events-and-trainings/

Any phone numbers who joined? Please share your name!



Thank you!

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